Resume

App. F. IX-4.

1936.

Previous References. Med 49-25 B 13.49.69.72.75 (Medical
80.82.83.86
37-36 SS 1-4.

File No. 37-36

Serial Nos. 5-8+14

Letter References.
Med 45-37 sl1
~~Med 45-37~~
Med 188-42 SS 1-8

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 5-

Part B for August 37

SUBJECT.

Rules for the guidance of Medical Practitioners settling down in rural areas.

sl14

WD 0418—GPB—22,500—29-8-36

To G. 121 8.10.8.37

The Senior Surgeon

States that Government Consider that as the Scheme is still on an experimental basis + Very few practitioners have availed themselves of the facilities offered, the issue of Supplementary Rules as proposed by him is unnecessary at the present stage.

MK 10/8/37

Serial No.

From the Senior Inspr.
Letter No C C 1.4-11 dated
forwarding for approval a set of draft
Rules for the guidance of Dt Govt
Practitioners who settle down in
Areas in accordance with the
Standard in the Govt order dated

Separate action is being taken of the G.O.M. 13.2.1937
to send the copies to the Residents
of the Dt Hqs, Tuticorin, Kodai & Chittaloorg
& also the spare copies read by the
Sr Surgeon. (Vide paras 1 & 3, your letter)

The Dft rules proposed seem
to be suitable & may kindly be approved
for issue of orders
subject to consideration of
The following points are for orders

Dft
25/3/37

a) Charging a daily fee at 0-2-0 a day
in the case of well to do patients
b) Charging fees for visits in accordance
with the scheduled rates in force in
the Deptt.
c) The village Panchayat or other
Local Body to provide free accommodation
for the Dispensary as well as for the
Doctor.

Misd 7.

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 0417—GPB—30,000—8-9-36

91

v) Rules for the guidance of medical practitioners settling down in rural areas.

Red File No. 37 of 1936 | General and Revenue Secretariat

(W)H(V)

Serial No.

It may prove difficult in practice to define who are the well to do people & disputes may arise - some superior authority to decide such disputes, perhaps the Taluk Builder, has to be set up. The rate of fees Apart from charges ~~fees~~ for visits paid may perhaps be, if necessary, just one half of the scheduld rates allowed to the depty people proper - People living in rural areas are generally poorer, ~~even~~ when compared to those living in urban areas

c) It is not clear why a reasonable rent shd not be charged & why free accommodation shd be afforded by the Village Panchayats for the Dispensary & the Practitioner (vide rule 7)

Rule 5 (1) Asst Surgeon in charge of Local Fund Dispensaries are given a charge allee of Rs 10 p.m, but not free accommodation or House rent.

Asst Surgeon 25/3/37 The rules are suitable generally. ~~with~~ The points raised in regard to the levy of fees by the Sub Asst Surgeons & the grant of free accommodation to be provided by the Village Panchayats seem to require orders

by 25/3/37

D 4187 Rules for the guidance of medical practitioners settling down in rural areas

General and Revenue Secretariat — Pol. File No. 37 of 1936 — [App. F. III—2

Serial No.

(2) ... to be charged from well-to-do patients ... lower ... may perhaps be arranged ... The provision for free qrs. is ... necessary in the initial stage ... may remain ...

SECRETARY 29 MAR 1937 443

Civil Surgeon 27.3.37

(3) I believe a scheme somewhat on these lines is working in Madras Presidency for the past some years. The Rules framed in that connection may be put up if available; otherwise the Senn-Surgeon may be addressed about it

WDA 30/3/37

(4) A copy of the Scheme in Bombay is available & may be put up.

Dft subs calling for the ~~Madras~~ rules obtaining in Madras (4)

Bss 31-3-37

Hy 31.3

Bombay rules ... subd

Madras rules ... received

TYPING SECTION 31 MR 1937 SECTT

(5)

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 0417—GPB—30,000—8-9-36

Rules for the guidance of Medl. Practitioners settling down in rural areas D 4620

Med. File No. 37 of 1936

General and Revenue Secretariat

Serial No. 6

No. G-7712 dt. 2/4/37

To The Sr. Surgeon in Mysore.

Requests him to furnish a copy of similar rules if any, available adopted by the Madras Govt.

SM 5/4/37

GENL. & MIS. BRANCH 5 APR 1937 GEN'L & REV. SEC.

From the Sr Surgn

Letter No GC 184-16 d. 5-4-1937

States that he has requested the Surgeon Genl Madras for a copy of the rules in question & that on receipt of his reply he would send a further communication

Submd for perusal

(b) The receipt of the further communication will be awaited (Refer para 3)

BM 6/4-37 MM 6/4

10-4-37

GSI 9/4

GENERAL SECRETARIAT 13 APR 1937

1.3.5.37

Sm 20/4-37

GENL & MIS. BRANCH 20 APR 1937 GENL & REV. SEC.

4620-D 4965

Rules for the guidance of Medical Practitioners settling down in Rural areas

General and Revenue Secretariat | File No. Med 37 of 1936. | [App. F. III—2

Serial No.

8 From Med. Secretariat Simla
Letter No. C 184-22 dated 26.4.(93)
forwards the communications received
from Madras & Bombay &c.

8) Submitted for orders, with refce to paras 1-3 supra. The Statement (of Comparative) gives a Summary of the provisions obtaining in Madras & Bombay as also what is proposed to be introduced. The proposal raised in para 2 P(4.5), 2 is for orders.

30/4/37

30/4/37

a) The rules proposed are almost similar to the model rules circulated in Madras & Bombay, it may be noted with regard to the proposal about the Board advising the practitioners about the prevailing charges by paying an allowance of Rs. 15 p.m.

Submitted

30.4.37

GENERAL SECRETARY
1-MAY 1937
19-0-2

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 0417—GPB—30,000—8-9-36

Rules in the guidance of Med. practitioners setting down in rural areas

Med File No. 37 of 1936

General and Revenue Secretariat

Serial No.

(10) The draft of the rules sent by the S.S. reads like a G.O. It repeats also matter more clear in the G.O. of 23.7.37. Please type out the portions not appearing in the G.O. so that may be suitable for appl as suppl. instns. Sd. 1875

OFFICE OF THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL. 31 JULY 1937 NO. 890

(11) A copy of the supplementary instns as revised by the S.S. is put up. 24-5-37 The extra matter has been extracted separately and will be typed after perusal as supplementary instructions. 27/5

(12) Typed copy put up 7.6.37

Typing Section 7/6

(13) Typed copy of the G.O. is put up 10.6.37 (Refer para 10 - last sentence) 10/6

TYPING SECTION 8 JUN 1937 GENERAL SECRETARIAT

(14) Revised draft is put up for appl. 15

Govt. Secy. may be approved 11.6.37

Secd Member) Sd 29/7/37

GENERAL SECRETARIAT 11 JUNE 1937 3038

Typed copy of the G.O. is sent up 31-7-37

31/7

4965

Rules for the guidance of Medical Practitioners settling down in Rural Areas

General and Revenue Secretariat

File No. Med 37 of 1936. 4965 [App. F. III—2

Serial No.

(16) The scheme is still on an experimental basis and very few practitioners have availed themselves of the facilities offered. The issue of any such elaborate rules does not appear to be necessary at the present stage.

Rly 2/8/37

Fm 2/8

FILING SECTION 5 AUG. 1937 GENL & REV. SECTT.

(17) Dft Subd.

BJR 4-8-37

MJ 8

Bang'p/Mdras

(Hag A) These rules have been framed by himself and the Sr Surgeon of Govt and not all for them

4/8

BJR 4-8-37

MJ 4/8

4/8

MJ. 16/8/37

14 No 4-1211

To The Sr. Surgeon in Mysore

States that Govt consider that as the scheme is still on an experimental basis, and very few practitioners have availed themselves of the facilities offered, the issue of supplementary rules as proposed by him is unnecessary at the present stage.

B. 11-8-37

GENL & MIS. BRANCH 11 AUG 1937 GENL & REV. SECTT.

NOTE—Contra Sheet.

WD 0417—GPB—30,000—8-9-36

MYSORE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

Telephone—No. 215

OFFICE OF THE SENIOR SURGEON IN MYSORE,

No. G.C.184-11.
Enc. one

GENL. & MIS. BRANCH 16 MAR. 1937 4187 GENL. & REV. S

Bangalore, dated the 15-3- 1937.

From

Sastravaidya Pravina

S. SUBBA RAO, Esq., B.A., M.B.C.M., M.R.C.S., (Eng.) L.R.C.P., D.P.H.,

Senior Surgeon with the Government of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore.

To

The General Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Bangalore.

GENERAL SECRETARY. 16 MAR 1937

Sir,

With reference to the Government Order No.G.5998-6003/Med. 37-36 dated the 13th February 1937, sanctioning a scheme for Rural Dispensaries in the State, I have the honour to request that copies of this order may also be sent to the other three Districts viz., Tumkur, Kolar and Chitaldrug so that these Boards may also be aware of the existence of this scheme for purposes of future action. These three Districts were excluded in my letter merely because they had already submitted proposals for the opening of Reduced Scale Dispensaries during the current year.

(2) Further, I would point out that the scheme is the outcome of the recommendations of the Sapru Un-employment Committee, and as such the fundamental object is to provide reasonable facilities to young medical men to settle down in rural places and establish a practice of their own for the future. In these circumstances, I would propose a set of rules being laid down in furtherance of the scheme and for the guidance of the practitioners who may be entertained. A draft is enclosed for the consideration and approval of Government.

(3) I request that about 100 copies of the printed order of 13th February 1937 and these rules may kindly be sent to me for distribution to the several Medical Institutions & local Bodies.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

S. Subba Rao

Senior Surgeon.

Medical Relief in Rural Areas.

The question of extending medical relief in rural areas has been under the consideration of Government for some time past. After examining several alternative schemes and with the concurrence of the District Boards, it has been decided to try the experiment of subsidising private medical practitioners on condition that they settle down for practice in specified rural areas.

2. A pay of Rs.40/- per mensem will be paid to the practitioner, who will be recruited from among the available licensed medical practitioners awaiting employment. This cost will be met by Government.

(2) Preference will be given to candidates who are natives of the selected localities.

3. An initial supply of furniture of a value not exceeding Rs.50/- will be made to each dispensary, the cost being defrayed by Government. The furniture should be surrendered to Government, if, for any reason, work is discontinued in the dispensary.

4. An annual supply of medicines costing Rs.250/- will be made to each dispensary, the expense being debited to the District Board concerned. The medicines will be supplied to each of the Institutions once in a quarter in advance.

(3) (a) This supply is intended for the benefit of indigent people in whose case the treatment, inclusive of the dispensing of medicines, shall be free. In the case of well-to-do patients it will be open to the doctor to charge a small fee not exceeding 2 annas for a day's medicine.

(b) (4) (a) If the regular supplies run short, he should make his own arrangemen to augment the supplies from the Medical Stores, from out of the collections made by him.

5. The appointment of the medical practitioner will be outside the cadre of Sub Assistant Surgeons and will be non-pensionable.

6. The incumbent will be under the administrative control of the Medical Department, procedure being regulated as follows:-

(a) The practitioner shall submit to the District Medical Officer the (5) monthly, quarterly and annual returns in the standardised forms prescribed for regular L.F.Dispensaries and shall abide by the disciplinary rules in force in the Department.

(b) (b) The pay of the medical practitioner will be drawn by the District Medical Officer and remitted to him before the 5th of every month.

(c) The service being non-pensionable, the practitioner will not be entitled to privilege or other leave, as provided for in the Mysore Service Regulations, except casual leave for not more than three days at a time and not exceeding fifteen days for the whole year. The previous sanction of the District Medical Officer should invariably be obtained for absence on casual leave.

(d) Leave for longer periods can however be granted, provided the medical practitioner can find a locum-tenens to look after the dispensary during his absence. In such cases, the subsidy is payable to the actual incumbent, but the Department will accept no responsibility as regards the regulation of the expenditure of the stock of medicines during the period.

(e) The main object of the scheme being that the practitioner should develop interest in the rural centre and permanently settle down for practice, he will not be eligible to transfers from one place to another either in the same or in a different district. These appointments cannot be considered to be stepping stones for entering into Government service.

(f) The appointments could be terminated by giving three months' notice on either side.

7. The Village Panchayet or other local body concerned shall provide free accommodation for the dispensary as well as for the doctor.

8. If a Midwife happens to be stationed at the place she shall work under the orders of the medical practitioner in the same manner as if the dispensary were a regular Local Fund Institution.

9. It will open to the Doctor to charge fees for visits, which should however conform to the scheduled rates in force in the Department.

S. Subba Rao.
Senior Surgeon.

Appendix F G—1]

SUBJECT .....

.....

.....

Section Med
File No. 37-36
Serial No. 6

Diary No. of letter replied to 4187

No. 7712

To

The Sr Surgeon

Sir

With reference to your letter No GC 184-11 d 15-3-1937 enclosing a ~~draft~~ set of rules for the guidance of Medical Practitioners who settle down in Rural areas in accordance with the scheme framed in G.O. IVo G 5998-6003 Med 37-36 d 13-2-1937, I am directed to request you to kindly furnish a copy of similar rules, if any, available, adopted by the Madras Govt. notice

I have
will
31/5
for Sec to Govt

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the 193

Date of issue 21/1/37
4

Signed by [illegible]

List of enclosures .....

Copied by .....

Examined by .....

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

General and Revenue Secretariat

Dated, Bangalore, 1st April 1937

No. G 7712

From

The *General Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.*

To

The Senior Surgeon in Mysore,

Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to your letter No.G.C.184-11 dated 15th March 1937 proposing a set of rules for the guidance of Medical Practitioners who settle down in Rural areas in accordance with the scheme sanctioned in G.O. No.G.5998-6003/Med. 37-36 dated 13th February 1937, I am directed to request you to kindly furnish a copy of similar rules, if any, available, adopted by the Madras Government.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

H. H. C. Sri Ranganathan

for General Secretary to Government.

ACH.2.

MYSORE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

Telephone No. 215

OFFICE OF THE SENIOR SURGEON IN MYSORE

No. G.C 184-16.
Enc.

Bangalore, dated the 5-4- *193*7

From

GENERAL SECRETARIAT 6 APR. 1937

GENL. & MIS. BRANCH. 4620 6 - APR. 1937 GENL. & REV. SECT.

Rajasevasaktha
B. K. NARAYANA RAO, Esq., B.A., M.B., C.M., M.R.C.S. (Eng.) D.P.H., D.O., (Oxen)
Offg. Senior Surgeon with the Government of Mysore.

To

The General Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to your letter No.G.7712/Med.37-36-6 dated the 1st April 1937, about the rules for the guidance of Medical Practitioners in Rural Areas, I have the honour to state that the copy of the rules adopted in the Madras Presidency is not available in this office. I have, however, addressed the Surgeon-General, Madras, to send me a copy of the rules, if any such exist. On hearing from him, I shall address Government again in the matter.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

B K Narayana Rao 5/4

Ag. Senior Surgeon.

MYSORE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

Telephone No. 215

OFFICE OF THE SENIOR SURGEON IN MYSORE

No. G.C. 184-22
Enc. 1 Comparative Statement.
1 Draft Rules from Bombay (3 sheets)
1 extract G.O's from Madras. (4 sheets)
} in original

Bangalore, dated the 26th April 1937.

From

Rajasevasaktha

B. K. NARAYANA RAO, Esq., B.A., M.B., C.M., M.R.C.S. (Eng.) D.P.H. (Oxon)

Offg. Senior Surgeon with the Government of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENL. & MIS. BRANCH. 4965 7 APR 1937 GENL. & REV. S.

GENERAL SECRETARY. 27 APR. 1937

The General Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Bangalore.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter No.G.C.184-16 dated the 5th April 1937 on the subject of the proposed rules to regulate the appointment of Rural Medical Practitioners, I have the honour to forward for the information of Government the communications in original received from Madras and Bombay, for perusal and kind return when done with. The Surgeon-General, Madras, states that consolidated rules have not been issued by the Government and the enclosure is a brief symposium relating to the Rural Medical Relief Scheme extracted from important Government Orders. The tentative Rules received from Bombay are reported to be still under the consideration of the Government of Bombay.

(2) I also enclose a statement comparing the rules proposed by this office with the procedure existing or proposed in Madras and Bombay, which shows the relevant points at a glance. In this connection, I would invite attention to item No.8 in the statement regarding the utilisation of the services of these Practitioners for Public Health work during epidemics, on payment of a fixed Honorarium of Rs.15/- per mensem ~~for xxx~~ from the District Board Funds, which exists in Madras and Bombay. I am of opinion that this may advantageously be embodied in the rules now under contemplation. ~~His~~ would not involve any extra cost to District Boards, as even now they are paying such charges whenever epidemics break out, it would very much facilitate the effective control of epidemics in an area serviced by a Rural Medical Practitioner.

P.T.O.

edical Practitioners in ural Areas.

s.

or L.M.P's.
or Medical Graduates.
or Midwives.

his annual subsidy
Taluk Boards some-
subsidy to Practi-
from their own

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of 30 patients.

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ommended by Govern-
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Public Health
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sem from District

the number of
rict Board.
by the Rural

~~take part~~ should not
should not canvas
in any election

Rules in Bombay.

1. onorarium of Rs.50/- per mensem.
ixed T.A. Rs.25/- if duties not confined to village.

2. N i l.

3. rant for medicine Rs.400/- per annum.
(a Indigent patients to be treated free. Income less than Rs.30/-.
(b Entitled to private practice and to charge a fee for all patients not entitled to Dispensary treatment. Attendance at residence should be decided between Medical Officer and patient.

4. election to be made by Civil Surgeon and resident of Local Board subject to pproval of Surgeon-General.
To execute a Bond agreeing to serve or 3 years.
Terminable at 3 months notice on ither side.

5. asual leave 10 days in a year. Not xceeding 3 days at a time.
Leave on medical certificate for 15 ays a year without Honorarium, subject o a maximum of 90 days.
Not to work on Sundays except on mergencies.
Permission of Civil Surgeon or Presi-ent, District Board necessary for bsenting from Head Quarters.

6. istrict Local Boards should secure a uilding at their cost.
Places to be selected by Surgeon-eneral in consultation with Civil urgeon, Collector and President of istrict Local Board.

7. ubject to inspection or visits by evenue Officers, Director of Public ealth, the President, District Board nd Civil Surgeon.
Returns to be furnished to Civil urgeon.
Pay to be disbursed by Civil Surgeon istrict Board to credit in advance heir share of the cost at the District reasury.

8. n cases of Epidemics shall do inocula-ion or vaccination duty free of charge f persons come to Dispensary. In evere epidemics he should be paid as a pidemic Officer.

9. N i l.

10.

B Narayana Rao
Ag. Senior Surgeon. 22/4

Med.

Comparative statement of Rules for Subsidising of Private

Rules proposed by the Senior Surgeon.	Rules in Madr
1. Pay of Rs.40/- by Government.	1. Rs.500/- per annum Rs.600/- -do- Rs.300/- -do- Government pay to District Boards times pay additiona tioners andMidwives funds.
2. Furniture of Rs.50/-. Government property.	2. N i l.
3. Rs.250/- worth of medicines by District Boards. (a) Poor to be treated free. (b) Well-to-do to pay 2 annas for visits a day's medicine. Entitled to charge fee for visits conforming to rules in Department.	3. Free supply of medi a year at an averag per day. (a) To supply medicin income is less th free. (b) Entitled to pract reasonable fee fo rendered.
ppointment outside the cadre and non-pensionable. (a) Not eligible for transfers. (b) Appointment cannot be considered as stepping stones for entering Government service. c) Appointment terminable at 3 months notice on either side. d) Preference to natives of place.	4. Outside cadre but th should be considered new candidates in fi in Regular Dispensar Districts. This is c ment to the District Have to enter int serve for at least o Preference to nati
Not entitled to privilege leave or other leave. Casual leave only 15 days in a year. Previous sanction of District Medical Officer necessary. Leave for longer period granted on procuring a Locum tenens, but such subsidy payable only to actual incumbent.	5. 15 days leave in th in a year, but with of President. Shoul More leave may be President obtains a Practitioners arrang receives a proportio subsidy according to in charge.
The Village Panchayet or Local Body should provide free accommodation for a Dispensary as well as Doctor	6. The Rural Dispensary residence of the Prac
Practitioners under administrative control of Medical Department. Pay of Doctor being disbursed by the District Medical Officer. Inspections by the District Medical Officer. Returns to be sent.	7. Under administrative President. District inspects and sends re President, District B General. Returns to be furn
N i l.	8. Services utilised for work, control of Epid of soil pollution etc rium of Rs.15/- per me Board Funds.
there is Midwife, she works ler the orders of the Medical ctitioner.	9. Midwives should conduc cases fixed by the Dis Their work is certifie Practitioner.
Nil	10. Practitioner should no political movements ar stand for election and or otherwise interfere to the legislature.

Bombay.

Rural Medical Relief.

Title. (a) Subsidised Medical practitioners - Rules for.

Definition (b) A practitioner means a private Medical practitioner registered under the Bombay Medical Act (vi of 1912).

(c) A Rural Dispensary means a Dispensary started under the Rural Medical Relief Scheme sanctioned in - G.R. G.D. No. 1433/33(a). dated 26th October 1936.

(d) The Surgeon General, in consultation with the Civil Surgeon, Collector and the President of the District Local Board. will fix the centre of the Dispensary and the outlying places to be visited, until such time as a District Health Board is - formed, when it would take over this function.

(e) Selection of the Medical practitioner will be made by the Civil Surgeon and the President/the District Local Board in consultation, and be subject to the approval of the Surgeon General. In the event of a District Health Board being formed, selection - will be made by that Body

(f) The Medical practitioner so selected will proceed to the centre fixed at his own cost. He shall be paid the following Honorarium and allowances :-

i. Honorarium Rs. 50 per mensem.

ii. Travelling allowance (fixed-Rs.25 p.m.(if his duties are not confined to one village area.)

iii. Grant for medicine Rs. 400 per annum (Indent for supply of medicine shall be sent through the Civil Surgeon of the District).

(g) Arrangements to secure a Building with lock up - arrangements for locating the Dispensary should be made by the District Local Board of the District, and at the cost of the area served., or otherwise.

(h) The subsidised Medical practitioner will attend to indigent patients at such places and during such hours as are determined by the Civil Surgeon and the President, District Local Board, while he will be required to attend urgent cases of illness among such indigent patients whenever necessary. The routine hours for his ordinary daily attendance should not be more than two hours in the morning and one hour in the evening.

(i) The Medical Officer is entitled to private practice and to charge a fee for all patients who are not entitled to Hospital or Dispensary treatment.

(N.B. An indigent patient means a person who is in receipt of an income of Rs. 30 or less p.m. or who is a member of the family of such a person and is - actually dependent on him.)

(j) The question of attendance at the residence of - patients shall be a matter between the Medical - Officer and the patient.

(k) The Medical Officer shall do either Inoculation or Vaccination duty or such other duty as the case may be, in case of epidemics, which shall be free of charge provided the persons to be inoculoted come to the Dispy. In case of severe epidemics should his services be required the Medical Officer should be paid as for an Epidemic officer.

(l) If at any time the practitioner is required to do post-mortem or medico legal work he will be treated as a private practitioner and be entitled to any fees that are laid down by Government for such duties.

(m) The Subsidised Medical Practitioner is entitled to the following leave :-

i. Casual leave upto a maximum of 10 days a year, not exceeding 3 days at a time.

ii. Leave on Medical Certificate for 15 days a year without Honorarium, subject to a maximum of 90 days, when, if necessary, a substitute will be appointed.

iii. He will not be required to work on Sundays except for emergencies and shall not absent himself from his Head quarters except with the approval of the Civil Surgeon, or of the President, D.L.B. D.

(n) The Subsidised Medical Practitioner shall be subject to Inspection or visits from/~~the Revenue Commissioner~~ **Revenue officers of a rank not below that of Mahalari**, The Director of Public Health, ~~the District Revenue Officer~~, the President of the D.L.B. or his nominee, the Assistant Director of Public Health and the Civil Surgeon. The last mentioned officer shall visit at least twice ~~a~~ in a year and will advice the practitioner on all matters medical or otherwise.

(o) Reports, Statistical returns etc.

The Medical Officer shall maintain the following :-

(i) Statistics of patients treated.

(ii) Plague, Cholera and Small-pox etc. Register.

(iii) File of General correspondence.

(iv) Expense Book of drugs.

(v) Dispensary Inspection file.

(vi) Visitors Book.

(vii) Dead Stock Register.

(viii)

(viii) General File of Circular Orders and Rules framed by District Local Board and Government for the conduct of the Dispensaries.

(ix) Cash Book.

and submit the below mentioned returns to the Civil Surgeon.

(i) Monthly return of Sick.

(ii) Monthly statement of expenditure of Medicines and drugs.

(iii) Copies of remarks from Visitor's Books.

(iv) Quarterly Stock Account of Medicines.

(p) The Medical Officer shall execute a bond to be in the custody of the Civil Surgeon, whereby he agrees to serve under the scheme for a period of at least 3 years, to be renewed further, if necessary, the service being allowed to be terminated by 3 months notice on either side.

(q) The Dispensary will be managed by the President, D.L.B. in consultation with the Civil Surgeon for the time being, until the District Health Boards are formed. The President, D.L.B., may delegate his powers of inspection to the Medical or other suitable Committee of his Board.

(r) In regard to the Honorarium and Travelling Allowance of the Medical Officer, the Medical Officer should prefer hi Bill at the end of every month for remuneration due for the previous month, which shall be forwarded to the Civil Surgeo. The Civil Surgeon shall on scrutiny countersign the Bill and send it to the District Head-quarter Treasury, who shall endorse it on the nearest Taluka Treasury for further disbursement. The D.L.B. shall credit in advance their share of the cost of the scheme at the District Treasury, which will go under "XXII-Medical -Receipts".

(s)

(s) The treatment of indigent patients as defined above will be free.

(t) This scheme shall be in force for a period of 7 years in the first instance.

R.D.18/11.

Note relating to the Subsidized Rural Medical Relief Scheme working in this Presidency.

Madras.

The scheme of medical relief in rural areas by subsidising medical practitioners and midwives was inaugurated in this Presidency in 1925 by the Government and chiefly with the object of bringing medical relief within easy reach of the rural population. The scheme is in operation in District Board areas only. The policy of Government is not to sanction the opening of subsidised rural dispensaries in places where private medical practitioners have already settled down. The subsidised rural dispensary is generally located at the residence of the practitioner, a portion of the building being set apart for the purpose. The actual working of the scheme is entrusted to the respective District Boards, the villages are to be selected by them and the medical practitioners and midwives appointed by their Presidents in consultation with the District Medical Officers, preference being given to the natives of the place. Under the scheme the Government pay an annual subsidy to the District Boards for the medical practitioner and midwives as follows:-

MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS.

Plains.	Agency.
Rs.500/- per annum for L.M.Ps.	Rs.600/- per annum for L.M.Ps.
Rs.600/- " " Medical Graduates.	Rs.700/- " " Medical Graduates

MIDWIVES.

Rs.300/- "	Rs.400/- "

The Taluk Boards sometimes pay additional subsidy to the practitioners and midwives from their own funds for remoteness or unhealthiness of the locality or for any other special reason.

District.
The ~~Kachcheri~~ Board gives to the Subsidised Medical Practioner a free supply of medicines as per list approved by Govt. to the value of Rs.360/- a year which has been considered sufficient to provide drugs for a daily average of 30 poor out-patients. The subsidised rural medical practioners have to execute agreements with the concerned District boards and the Govt. to the following effect:-

(1) To proceed at his own expense and settle down in the place specified by the President. Dist. Board.

(2) To treat professionally and supply all the necessitous poor (persons or members of familes whose monthly income does not exceed Rs.30) who shall apply to him for medical aid from time to time with the necessary medicines. Such treatment being given and medicines supplied free of all charges at his residence.

(3) to display in a conspicuous place in the outside of his residence a notice in the Vernacular of the Dist. it is the subsidised rural dispensary of the Dist. Board.

(4) Maintain the books and registers ~~xxxx~~ (open to inspection by Presidents, District Boards, Dist. Medical Officers) and furnish statistical returns.

The Dist. Medl. Officers will inspect the dispensaries every year and submit a copy of his inspection report to the President District Board and the Surgeon-General.

Subject to his treating the poor who report to the dispensary and supplying them medicines gratis the subsidised rural medical practitioner is entitled to practice for his own benefit and to charge reasonable fees for the service rendered.

For the subsidy paid, the midwives, should attend to labour cases and conduct the number of cases per mensem fixed by the Dist. Board in consultation with the Dist. Medical Officers. They should

should also visit pregnant women at their houses. For attending on labour cases outside their villages i.e. more than one mile they are paid by the ~~Taluk~~ District Board Re. 1/- for every non-paying case of labour. Their work is certified by the subsidised rural medical practitioners. The Government have also permitted District Boards to appoint wherever they chose to do so, Licentiates in ~~Indian~~ Medicine of the Government Indian Medical School, Madras, to be in charge of rural dispensaries subsidised by the Government. When Licentiates in Indian Medicine are appointed in rural dispensaries, they become automatically converted into Ayurvedic, Siddha or Unani dispensaries according to the practitioners appointed and that the District Boards need only supply Indian medicines to their dispensaries.

District Boards have also been permitted to open and maintain at their expense i.e. including the subsidies of medical practitioners and midwives where medical aid is badly needed rural dispensaries in consultation with District Medical Officers.

On the suggestion of the Director of Public Health the Government have permitted District Boards to utilize the services of medical practitioners in charge of subsidised rural dispensaries for the furtherance of public health work such as the verification of vaccination, births and deaths, the control of epidemic diseases, the prevention of soil sanctioned on payment of an honorarium of Rs. 15 per mensem from the District Board funds

funds such work being carried out under the guidance of District Health Officers. The scheme has been given a trial in the case of the rural dispensaries in each district.

The subsidised rural medical relief scheme does not contemplate the employment of compounders or other staff in such institutions and that compounders and menial staff may however be employed only after consulting District Medical Officers and only if such appointment is absolutely necessary if the attendance justifies it.

In the matter of filling up of vacancies of medical officers in regular dispensaries in a district, the Government have commended to the District Boards to consider the claims of medical practitioners in charge of rural dispensaries in preference to new candidates who have no previous experience subject to the condition that there are no local paid stipendiaries who are to be provided in the appointments and the rural medical practitioners concerned possess the requisite qualifications except in their case the age limit does not exceed 35 for the time being in force from selection for admission to the service under Government as sub assistant surgeon.

A copy of the form of agreement to be executed by medical practitioners in charge of rural dispensaries with the District Boards and the Government, which also contains the conditions of their appointment etc., is also enclosed.

Government of Madras

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT

(Public Health)

G.O. No. 501, P.H., 27th February 1934

Medical institutions—Rural (subsidized)—Form of agreement to be executed by medical practitioners—Amendments issued.

READ—the following paper :—

From the Surgeon-General, dated 3rd November 1933, Ref. No. 1906-2-Hospitals.

Order—No. 501, P.H., dated 27th February 1934.

Under clause 6 of the agreement to be executed by subsidized medical practitioners in charge of rural dispensaries as revised in G.O. No. 37, P.H., dated 5th January 1933, the board concerned should, from the date of the opening of the dispensary and during the continuance of the agreement, pay to the practitioner the annual subsidy due to him in such instalments and in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be laid down by the Government in that behalf by general or special order. It has been brought to the notice of the Government that, in view of the fact that the annual subsidy is not paid by the board but by the Government through the District Medical Officer concerned or the Principal, Indian Medical School, the covenant by the board to pay the said yearly subsidy referred to in the above clause is not in order, as under such a covenant the rural medical practitioner will be entitled to claim the stated sum from the board. It is therefore suggested that the agreement should be modified making the Secretary of State also a party to the same and providing therein for the medical practitioner doing the acts specified in the same in consideration of the annual subsidy by the Government and the supply annually by the board of medicines of the value of Rs. 360. The Surgeon-General also is in favour of the suggestion. The Government accept the suggestion.

2. The question has been raised as to whether L.I.M.'s may be appointed in vacancies caused by the grant of leave to L.M.P. rural medical practitioners. The Government consider that substitutes to be appointed in leave vacancies should have been trained in the same system of medicine as the rural medical practitioner to whom leave is granted.

A copy of the agreement as revised with reference to the decisions referred to above is appended to this order. It is commended to all local boards for adoption.

(By order of the Government, Ministry of Local Self-Government)

S. G. SENGODAIYAN,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

To the Surgeon-General.
,, all Presidents of Taluk Boards.
,, all Presidents of District Boards.
,, the Accountant-General.
,, the Examiner of Local Fund Accounts.
,, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards.
,, the Director of Public Health.
,, the Principal, Indian Medical School.
,, the Revenue Department.
,, the Secretary of Rural Medical Practitioners' Association.

APPENDIX.

Form of agreement to be executed by Medical Practitioners in charge of Rural Dispensaries.

THIS INDENTURE made the day of 193 BETWEEN THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE SECRETARY OF STATE for India in Council (hereinafter called the Secretary of State which expression shall where the context so admits include his successors in office and assigns) of the first part and the Board (hereinafter called the Board which expression shall where the context so admits include its successors and assigns) of the second part and son of (hereinafter called the practitioner) of the third part, WHEREAS the Board with a view to bringing medical relief within the easy reach of the rural population has requested the practitioner to proceed to the village of and there to practise as a medical practitioner for a period of not less than one year from the date of his arrival there and thereafter for such period as may be agreed upon between the parties hereto which the practitioner has agreed to do upon the terms and conditions hereinafter contained: NOW IT IS HEREBY AGREED AND DECLARED by and between the parties hereto as follows:—

1. In consideration of the payments by the Secretary of State and the supply by the Board of the medicines as hereinafter provided the practitioner hereby agrees to proceed at his own expense to the village of and there take up his residence and free of any charges treat professionally and supply with the necessary medicines from and out of the stock supplied to him by the Board all the "necessitous poor" who may from time to time apply to him therefor at his dispensary.

NOTE.—The term "necessitous poor" in this clause shall be interpreted as referring to persons or members of the families of persons whose monthly income does not exceed Rs. 30.

2. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 the practitioner shall be entitled to charge fees for professional services rendered and medicines supplied.

3. The practitioner shall display in a conspicuous place on the outside of the dispensary a notice in the vernacular of the district to the effect that it is the rural dispensary of the Board and shall maintain at such dispensary the books and registers and shall make the statistical returns set out in the schedule hereto such returns to be forwarded through the President of the Board (hereinafter called the "President") to the District Medical Officer of (hereinafter called the "District Medical Officer") or the Principal, Indian Medical School, Madras (hereinafter called the "Principal"), according as the institution is of Western or Indian system of medicine at such periods as the District Medical Officer or the Principal, as the case may be, may direct. Such registers shall be open at all times to inspection by the District Medical Officer or the Principal, as the case may be, or the President or any other person or persons authorized in writing by any of the aforesaid authorities in that behalf. The practitioner shall submit promptly all such information as may be required by the Government of Madras (hereinafter called the "Government"), the District Medical Officer, the Principal, the President, or any other person or persons authorized in writing by any of the said authorities in this behalf. He shall also observe the procedure which may be laid down from time to time by the Government in regard to the claiming of the subsidy due to him and the midwife, if any.

4. The District Medical Officer or the Principal as the case may be or any one deputed by either of them in writing shall be entitled to enter and inspect the dispensary when and as often as he shall think fit.

5. The Secretary of State will from the date of the opening of the dispensary and during the continuance of this agreement pay to the practitioner the sum of Rs. per annum in such instalments and in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be laid down in this behalf by general or special order.

6. The Board will supply the practitioner free of cost medicines of the value of not less than Rs. 360 per annum on the basis of the standard recommended in G.O. No. 761, P.H., dated 7th April 1925. The Board will also supply the practitioner with the necessary outfit for the use of the midwife if one is employed in the dispensary. The medicines required by the midwife should be supplied from time to time from the stock of drugs supplied to the practitioner by the Board.

7. The practitioner may for sufficient reasons and with the previous sanction of the President avail himself of leave of absence from duty for 15 days in the aggregate in a year. He shall not in the absence of special reasons leave the station without obtaining the previous permission of the President. When for any reason this is not possible he may leave the village in anticipation of such sanction but shall intimate to the President in writing the fact of his departure from the village and shall also state the reasons for such departure. He shall send a report to the District Medical Officer or the Principal as the case may be whenever he leaves the station. In all cases he shall send a report to the President and the District Medical Officer or the Principal as the case may be as soon as he returns to duty. The President may grant leave to the practitioner in excess of the 15 days' limit laid down above, provided the President obtains a substitute or the practitioner arranges for a medical practitioner approved by the President to be in charge of the dispensary during his absence. The substitute so appointed shall always be a medical practitioner trained in the same system of medicine as the practitioner and shall receive a portion of the said subsidy proportionate to the period during which he is in charge of the dispensary. In the event of the

practitioner being absent from duty for more than months the President may under the provisions hereinafter contained terminate this agreement. PROVIDED HOWEVER that if the President is satisfied that such absence is due to illness the practitioner will be allowed to have a lien on his appointment for a period of six months from a date to be fixed by the President.

10. The practitioner shall not be liable to transfer from one dispensary to another. If after obtaining the opinion of the District Medical Officer or the Principal as the case may be the Board considers that the dispensary is not working satisfactorily it may close the dispensary after giving three months' notice in writing to the practitioner.

11. The practitioner shall, if required either by the President or the Officers of the Health Department, attend to inoculation work. He shall be paid by the Board for the services so rendered a remuneration at the rate of 9 pies per case of inoculation subject to a minimum of Re. 1 per day and a maximum of Rs. 5 a day and shall also be paid travelling allowance for journeys if any beyond five miles undertaken by him in connexion with such work. He shall also attend fairs and festivals duty if required by the President or the Officers of the Health Department. He will be paid by the Board a daily allowance of Rs. 5 and travelling allowance for journeys if any beyond five miles.

12. Save as otherwise provided herein this agreement shall be subject to termination by either the Board or the practitioner giving to the other of them six calender months' notice in writing to that effect: PROVIDED HOWEVER that the Board shall be entitled to terminate the agreement under this clause only in the event of its being unable to maintain the dispensary on account of financial stringency. The Board shall also be entitled to terminate this agreement at any time and without notice to the practitioner in the event of any breach by the practitioner of any agreement on his part herein contained or in the event of the practitioner's name being removed from the medical register maintained under section 11 of the Madras Medical Registration Act IV of 1914 or in the event of the practitioner being absent from duty for more than months. In the event, however, of an alleged breach by the practitioner of any agreement on his part the Board shall first frame definite charges in writing, obtain the explanation of the practitioner in writing and then proceed to pass orders in the matter. Before terminating his contract in such cases the President shall obtain the concurrence of the District Medical Officer or the Principal as the case may be. If however the President and the District Medical Officer or the Principal as the case may be disagree, the matter shall be referred to the Government whose decision shall be final and binding on all parties. An appeal shall lie to Government at the instance of the practitioner in all matters in which a reference to Government has not already been made and the decision of such Government thereon shall be final.

13. In case of any dispute arising as to the meaning of these presents or in respect of any matter or thing arising thereunder the same shall be referred to Government whose decision shall be final and binding on both the parties.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF by order and direction of the Governor of Madras acting with Ministers for and on behalf of the Secretary of State and for and on behalf of the Board and have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

SCHEDULE.

Books and Registers.	Number in the standard list of forms for use in the Medical department.
1 Nomenclature of diseases	....
2 Stock-book (medicines and surgical instruments) ..	60 and 62 (Group II).
3 Nominal register of out-patients	53 (Group I)
4 Daily register of diseases	60 ,,
5 Daily register of classes and sexes	61 ,,
6 Operation register	59
7 Visitors' book	....
Statistical Returns.	
Statement A	1 (Group I).
,, B	2 ,,
,, C	3 ,,
,, D	4 ,,
,, E	6 ,,
,, F	7 ,,
Supplement to C and D	5 ,,
Quarterly statement of the work done in the dispensary.	

Signed, sealed and delivered by the above-named in the presence of

Signed, sealed and delivered by the above-named in the presence of

Signed, sealed and delivered by the above-named in the presence of

Appendix F G—1]

SUBJECT .....

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Section Med

File No. 37-36

Serial No. 14

Diary No. of letter replied to 4965

No. G. 1241.

To

The Sr Surgeon

Sir

With refer to the correspondence

Ending with yr letter No C 184-22

d 26-4-(93) proposing the issue

of certain further instructions for on the

guidance of the Medical Practitioners

~~who~~ settling down in Rural areas,

I am directed by State/Head-quarters that Govt cannot as

Scheme is still on an experimental

basis, and very few practitioners

have availed themselves of the facilities

offered, the issue of ~~Departmental~~ supplementary rules,

as proposed by you

is unnecessary at the present stage.

I am

Your

Yours 4/8

Secy Lee

Secy

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the *193*

Date of issue 6.8.37.

Signed by Hyr Minister

List of enclosures.....

Copied by .....

Examined by.....

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

General and Revenue Secretariat

No. G. 1211

Dated, Bangalore, 7th August 1937.

From

The *Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,*
L.S.G. ~~Development~~ *Department.*

To

The Senior Surgeon in Mysore,

Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to the correspondence ending with your letter No.C.184-22 dated 26th April 1937, proposing the issue of certain further instructions for the guidance of the Medical Practitioners settling down in rural areas, I am directed to state that Government consider that as the scheme is still on an experimental basis and very few practitioners have availed themselves of the facilities offered, the issue of supplementary rules as proposed by you is unnecessary at the present stage.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Navi Draft
Secretary to Government,
L.S.G. Department.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF
H.H. THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

- - -

Read (again)

G.O. No. 5998-6003/Med. 37-36-4 dated 13th February 1937 sanctioning a revised scheme for giving encouragement to private medical practitioners to settle down in rural areas

2. Correspondence ending with (Letter No. G.C. 184-22 dated 26th April 1937, from the Senior Surgeon proposing the issue of certain further instructions in the matter.

Order No.

Dated

The accompanying supplementary instructions are issued in regard to the revised scheme of giving facilities to private medical practitioners to settle down in rural areas.

31.7.37 Secretary to Govt,
L.S.G. Deptt.

The Senior Surgeon in Mysore,
The Comptroller to Govt.
The Deputy Commissioners of Dists.
-Bangalore
The Presidents of District Boards, through
the Deputy Commissioners of Dists

Supplementary Instructions in regard to the scheme for providing facilities to private medical practitioners to settle down in rural areas.

- - -

1. The medical practitioners should settle down for practice in the specified rural areas.

2. Preference will be given to candidates who are natives of the selected localities.

3. In the dispensaries of such medical practitioners, the treatment, inclusive of the dispensing of medicines, will in the case of indigent people be free of cost. In the case of well-to-do patients, it will be open to the medical practitioner to charge a fee not exceeding two annas for a day's medicine.

4. If the supplies of medicine run short, the medical practitioner should make his own arrangements to augment the supplies from the Medical Stores.

5. The medical practitioner should submit to the District Medical Officer, the monthly, quarterly and annual returns in the standard~~i zed~~ forms prescribed for regular Local Fund Dispensaries and ~~shall~~ should abide by the disciplinary rules in force in the Department.

6. The pay of the medical practitioner

will be drawn by the District Medical Officer and remitted to the practitioner before the 5th of every month.

7. The medical practitioner will not be entitled to privilege or other leave, as provided for in the Mysore Service - Regulations, except casual leave for not more than 3 days at a time and not exceeding 15 days for the whole year. The previous sanction of the District Medical Officer should invariably be obtained for absence on casual leave.

8. Leave for longer periods can, however, be granted, provided the medical practitioner can find a locum-tenens to look after the dispensary during his absence. In such cases, the subsidy is payable to the actual incumbent, but the Department will accept no responsibility as regards the regulation of expenditure of the stock of medicines during the period.

9. The medical practitioner will not be eligible to transfer from one place to another, either in the same or in a different district. These appointments cannot be considered as stepping stones for entry into Government service.

10. The appointments are subject to termination by giving 3 months' notice on either side.

11. The Village Panchayet or other

local body concerned should provide free accommodation for the dispensary as well as for the medical practitioner.

12. If a midwife happens to be stationed at the place, she will work under the orders of the medical practitioner in the same manner as if the dispensary were a regular Local Fund institution.

13. It will be open to the practitioner to charge fees for visits, which should conform to the scheduled rates in force in the Department

14. The medical practitioner is expected, during epidemics or at other times when required by the Department, to do vaccination without claiming payment therefor, sera and vaccines being supplied to him as in the case of local fund institutions, and inoculations to people coming to his dispensary.

15. The services of the medical practitioner are also liable to be drafted by the department for work outside, in cases of severe epidemics, on payment of an allowance not exceeding Rs.15 a month from the District Board funds.

Secy to Govt
P.H. Dept